

EXECUTIVE JOURNAL.

FORTY-SEVENTH SESSION.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1823.

The two following written messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Mosher:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate James Brown, of Louisiana, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to France, in the place of Albert Gallatin, resigned.

JAMES MONROE.

December 5th, 1823.

Nominations to appointments made during the late recess of the Senate.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Willard Hall, of Delaware, to be Judge of the district in and for the district of Delaware, in the room of John Fisher, deceased.

Edgar Macon, of Virginia, to be Attorney of the United States for East Florida, in the place of Alexander Hamilton, resigned.

Peter Randolph, of Mississippi, to be Judge of the United States for the district of Mississippi, in the place of William B. Shields, deceased.

Davis Floyd, William W. Blair, and Alexander Hamilton, to be Commissioners for ascertaining claims and titles to land in the Territory of Florida.

George Graham, of the District of Columbia, to be Commissioner of the General Land Office, in the place of John McLean, resigned.

John McLean, of Ohio, to be Postmaster General of the United States, in the place of Return Jonathan Meigs, resigned.

Joseph M. White, of Florida, to be Commissioner for ascertaining claims and titles to land in Florida in the place of James P. Preston, resigned.

William Tudor, of Massachusetts, to be Consul of the United States at Lima, and for the ports of Peru.

Charles Barnet, of New Jersey, to be Consul of the United States for the port of Antwerp, in the place of David Parish, resigned.

Harris E. Fudger, of Massachusetts, to be Consul of the United States for the port of Santa Martha, in the Republic of Colombia.

Hugh Steel, of Illinois, to be Consul of the United States for the Island of St. Bartholomew, in the place of Robert M. Harrison, resigned.

Smith Thompson, of New York, to be one of the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, in the place of Brockholst Livingston, deceased.

Robert Wash, of Missouri, to be Attorney of the United States for the district of Missouri, in the place of Joshua Barton, deceased.

Samuel L. Southard, of New Jersey, to be Secretary of the Navy of the United States, in the place of Smith Thompson, resigned.

Francis W. Armstrong, of Alabama, to be Marshal in and for the district of Alabama, in the place of Taliaferro Livingston, deceased; and

Charles M. Norton, of Mississippi, to be Marshal in and for the district of Mississippi, in the place of Walter M. Leake, deceased.

JAMES MONROE.

December 5th, 1823.

The messages were read.

Ordered, That they lie for consideration.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1823.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of yesterday, nominating James Brown to office; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of yesterday, nominating Willard Hall, and others, to offices; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointments of Willard Hall, Edgar Macon, Peter Randolph, Davis Floyd, William W. Blair, John McLean, William Tudor, Harris E. Fudger, Smith Thompson, Robert Wash, Samuel L. Southard, Francis W. Armstrong, and Charles M. Norton, agreeably to the nominations respectively.

On motion,

Ordered, That the other nominations lie on the table.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1823.

The two following written messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Mosher:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate for promotion and appointment in the Army of the United States, the officers, each for the station to which he is designated, in the list herewith transmitted, for the advice and consent of the Senate: I also nominate Benjamin F. Smith, of Mississippi, as Agent to the Chickasaw nation.

JAMES MONROE.

WAR DEPARTMENT, *December 9th, 1823.*

SIR: I have the honor to lay before you the annexed list of promotions and appointments for the Army of the United States.

I have the honor to be,

Sir, with great respect,

Your obedient servant,

J. C. CALHOUN.

To the PRESIDENT of the United States.

PROMOTIONS AND APPOINTMENTS IN THE ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Corps of Engineers.

2d Lieut. W. A. Eliason, to be 1st Lieut. 28th July, 1823, vice Story, deceased.

Bvt. 2d Lieut, George Dutton, to be 2d Lieut. 1st July, 1823.

Bvt. 2d Lieut. Joseph Mansfield, to be 2d Lieut. 1st July, 1823.

1st Regiment of Artillery.

1st Lieut. Henry Saunders, to be Captain 4th November, 1823, vice Eastman, dismissed.

2d Lieut. George Webb, to be 1st Lieut. 15th May, 1823, vice Melendy, deceased.

2d Lieut. J. Howard, to be 1st Lieut. 1st November, 1823, vice Brent, resigned.

2d Lieut. D. Van Ness, to be 1st Lieut. 4th November, 1823, vice Saunders, promoted.

Bvt. 2d Lieut. Isaac Trimble, of the 3d Art'y. to be 2d Lieut. 1st July, 1822.

Bvt. 2d Lieut. L. B. Webster, of the 3d Art'y., to be 2d Lieut. 1st July, 1823.

Bvt. 2d Lieut. George Nauman, of the 2d Art'y., to be 2d Lieut. 1st July, 1823.

Third Regiment of Artillery.

Bvt. 2d Lieut. George S. Green, of the 1st Art'y., to be 2d Lieut. 1st July, 1823.

Fourth Regiment of Artillery.

1st Lieut. William L. McClintock, to be Capt., 11th August, 1823, vice Massey, deceased.

1st Lieut. J. L. Gardner, to be Capt., 1st November, 1823, vice Sands, resigned.

2d Lieut. James R. Blaney, to be 1st Lieut. 11th August, 1823, vice McClintock, promoted.

2d Lieut. George C. Hutten, to be 1st Lieut. 30th September, 1823, vice Kirk, resigned.

2d Lieut. William H. Bell, to be 1st Lieut. 1st November, 1823, vice Gardner, promoted.

2d Lieut. E. G. W. Butler, to be 1st Lieut. 6th November, 1823, vice Chambers, resigned.

Bvt. 2d Lieut. John Pickell, to be 2d Lieut. 1st July, 1822.

Bvt. 2d Lieut. H. H. Gird, to be 2d Lieut. 1st July, 1822.

Bvt. 2d Lieut. G. C. Richards, of the 2d Art'y., to be 2d Lieut. 1st July, 1823.

Bvt. 2d Lieut. Samuel M. Southerland, of the 2d Art'y., to be 2d Lieut. 1st July, 1823.

Bvt. 2d Lieut. F. L. Guion, of the 2d Art'y., to be 2d Lieut. 1st July, 1823.

Bvt. 2d Lieut. A. Beckley, of the 3d Art'y., to be 2d Lieut. 1st July, 1823.

First Regiment of Infantry.

2d Lieut. Rawlins Lowndes, to be 1st Lieut. 7th August, 1823, vice Malcolm, deceased.

2d Lieut. Samuel McRee, to be 1st Lieut. 30th September, 1823, vice Lambert, resigned.

2d Lieut. William Day, to be 1st Lieut. 25th December, 1823, vice Strong, resigned.

Bvt. 2d Lieut. Charles Holt, of the 2d Inf. to be 2d Lieut. 1st July, 1823.

Bvt. 2d Lieut. A. S. Miller, of the 7th Inf. to be 2d Lieut. 1st July, 1823.

Third Regiment of Infantry.

2d Lieut. James W. Webb, to be 1st Lieut. 11th August, 1823, vice Pomeroy, dismissed.

2d Lieut. Benjamin Walker, to be 1st Lieut. 13th October, 1823, vice Baker, deceased.

Bvt. 2d Lieut. J. W. Cotton, of the 5th Inf. to be 2d Lieut. 1st July, 1823.

Bvt. 2d Lt. E. B. Alexander, of the 6th Inf. to be 2d Lt. 1st July, 1823.

Bvt. 2d Lt. E. B. Birdsall, of the 3d Inf. to be 2d Lt. 1st July, 1823.

Fourth Regiment of Infantry.

2d Lieut. Arthur W. Thornton, to be 1st Lieut. 25th April, 1823, vice Mann, dismissed.

Sixth Regiment of Infantry.

1st Lieut. Charles Pentland, to be Captain, 21st July, 1823, vice Martin, resigned.

2d Lieut. Thomas Noel, to be 1st Lieut. 16th April, 1823, vice Fields, deceased.

2d Lieut. W. W. Morris, to be 1st Lieut. 29th May, 1823, vice Kavanaugh, deceased.

2d Lieut. Joseph Pentland, to be 1st Lieut. 1st June, 1823, vice McCray, resigned.

2d Lieut. Jason Rodgers, to be 1st Lieut. 21st July, 1823, vice Pentland, promoted.

Bvt. 2d Lieut. John Nicholls, of the 4th Inf. to be 2d Lt. 1st July, 1823.

Bvt. 2d Lt. G. H. Crossman, of the 3d Inf. to be 2d Lt. 1st July, 1823.

Seventh Regiment of Infantry.

2d Lieut. W. W. Outlaw, to be 1st Lieut. 21st February, 1823, vice Wheelock, deceased.

Bvt. 2d Lieut. J. E. Newell, of the 1st Inf. to be 2d Lt. 1st July, 1823.

APPOINTMENTS.

David B. Douglass, late Professor of Mathematics, to be Professor of Engineering, 1st May, 1823.

Charles Davies, late Assistant Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, to be Professor of Mathematics, 1st May, 1823.

G. A. Bibby, N. Y. to be Paymaster, 13th May, 1823.

Alfred Watkyns, N. Y. to be Assistant Surgeon, 11th June, 1823.

William P. Craighill, Va. to be Paymaster and Military Storekeeper at Harper's Ferry, 9th August, 1823.

Charles F. Luce, Mass. to be Assistant Surgeon, 22d September, 1823.

Samuel G. J. Decamp, N. J., Assistant Surgeon, 10th October, 1823.

Cadet Alfred Mordecai, to be Bvt. 2d Lt. Corps of Eng., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet George S. Green, to be Bvt. 2d Lieut. 1st regiment of Artillery, 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Frederick Searle, to be Bvt. 2d Lieut. 1st regiment of Artillery, 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Andrew Kinnard, to be Bvt. 2d Lieut. 1st regiment of Artillery, 1st July, 1823.

Cadet George C. Richards, to be Bvt. 2d Lieut. 2d regiment of Artillery, 1st July, 1823.

Cadet George Nauman, to be Bvt. 2d Lieut. 2d regiment of Artillery, 1st July, 1823.

Cadet John Farley, to be Bvt. 2d Lieut. 2d regiment of Artillery, 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Lucian B. Webster, to be Bvt. 2d Lieut. 3d regiment of Artillery, 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Alfred Beckley, to be Bvt. 2d Lieut. 3d regiment of Artillery, 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Richard DeTreville, to be Bvt. 2d Lieut. 3d regiment of Artillery, 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Samuel M. Southerland, to be Bvt. 2d Lieut. 4th regiment of Artillery, 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Frederick L. Guion, to be Bvt. 2d Lieut. 4th regiment of Artillery, 1st July, 1823.

Cadet William T. Washington, to be Bvt. 2d Lieut. 4th regiment of Artillery, 19th August, 1823.

Cadet W. Reynolds, to be 2d Lt. 1st regiment of Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet R. H. Stewart, to be 2d Lt. 1st regiment of Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet John E. Newell, to be Bvt. 2d Lieut. 1st regiment of Infantry, 1st July, 1823.

Cadet James W. Kingsbury, to be 2d Lt. 1st regiment of Infantry, 19th August, 1823.

Cadet Julius B. Kingsbury, to be 2d Lt. 2d reg. Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Joseph R. Smith, to be 2d Lt. 2d regiment Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Hannibal Day, to be 2d Lt. 2d regiment Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Charles Holt, to be Bvt. 2d Lt. 2d reg. Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet George H. Crossman, to be Bvt. 2d Lt. 3d reg. Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Egbert B. Birdsall, to be Bvt. 2d Lt. 3d reg. Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Lorenzo Thomas, to be 2d Lt. 4th reg. Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Richard D. C. Collins, to be 2d Lt. 4th reg. Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Elias Philips, to be 2d Lt. 4th reg. Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet John Nicholls, to be Bvt. 2d Lt. 4th reg. Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet John W. Cotton, to be Bvt. 2d Lt. 5th reg. Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Reuben Holmes, to be 2d Lt. 6th reg. Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet George W. Waters, to be 2d Lt. 6th reg. Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Levi Nute, to be 2d Lt. 6th reg. Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Mark W. Bateman, to be 2d Lt. 6th reg. Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet George Andrews, to be 2d Lt. 6th reg. Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Asa Richardson, to be 2d Lt. 6th reg. Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Edmund B. Alexander, to be Bvt. 2d Lt. 6th reg. Inf., July, 1823.

Cadet Joseph A. Philips, to be 2d Lt. 7th reg. Inf., 1st July, 1823.

Cadet Albert S. Miller, to be Bvt. 2d Lt. 7th reg. Inf., 1st July, 1823.

William Lindsay, Lieut. Colonel 3d Regiment of Artillery, 12th March, 1813, to be Colonel by brevet, to rank 12th March, 1823, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

James Bankhead, Major 3d regiment Artillery, 15th August, 1813, to be Lieutenant Colonel by brevet, to rank 15th August, 1823, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

William Gates, Captain 2d regiment of Artillery, 3d March, 1813, to be Major by brevet, to rank 3d March, 1823, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

Stephen W. Kearney, Captain 1st regiment of Infantry, 1st April, 1813, to be Major by brevet, to rank 1st April, 1823, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

Isaac Roach, Captain 2d regiment of Artillery, 13th April, 1813, to be Major by brevet, to rank 13th April, 1823, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

J. F. Heileman, Captain 2d regiment of Artillery, 5th May, 1813, to be

Major by brevet, to rank 5th May, 1823, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

George Bender, Captain 5th regiment of Infantry, 13th May, 1813, to be Major by brevet, to rank 13th May, 1823, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

John Bliss, Captain 3d regiment of Infantry, 13th May, 1813, to be Major by brevet, to rank 13th May, 1823, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

James H. Hook, Captain, 4th regiment of Infantry, 20th May, 1813, to be Major by brevet, to rank 20th May, 1823, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

John Jones Captain, 7th regiment of Infantry, 29th July, 1813, to be Major by brevet, to rank 29th July, 1823, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

George Talcott, Captain 2d regiment of Artillery, 5th August, 1813, to be Major by brevet, to rank 5th August, 1823, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

Sylvester Churchill, Captain 1st regiment of Artillery, 15th August, 1813, to be Major by brevet, to rank 15th August, 1823, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

Benjamin K. Peirce, Captain 4th regiment of Artillery, 1st October, 1813, to be Major by brevet, to rank 1st October, 1823, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

Henry K. Craig, Captain 3d regiment Artillery, 23d December, 1813, to be Major by brevet, to rank 23d December, 1823, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

N. Baden, 1st Lieutenant 2d regiment of Artillery, 6th August, 1813, to be Captain by brevet, to rank 6th August, 1823, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

Thomas Biddle, Paymaster, term of service expires 7th August, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I transmit to the Senate, for its advice and consent as to the ratification, a treaty lately concluded with the Seminole Indians in Florida, whereby a cession of territory is made to the United States.

JAMES MONROE.

The messages were severally read.

On motion,

Ordered, That the message nominating persons to promotions and appointments in the Army, be referred to the Committee on Military Affairs, to consider and report thereon.

Ordered, That the nomination of Benjamin F. Smith, contained in said message, lie for consideration.

On motion,

Ordered, That the treaty with the Seminole Indians be printed for the use of the Senate, under an injunction of secrecy.

On motion,

The Senate resumed the consideration of the nomination of George Graham, Joseph M. White, and Alexander Hamilton, as contained in the message of the 8th December; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointments of George Graham, and Joseph M. White, agreeably to the nominations respectively.

On motion,

Ordered, That the nomination of Alexander Hamilton be referred to the Committee on Public Lands, to consider and report thereon.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1823.

The treaty with the Seminole Indians was read the second time; and,

On motion,

Ordered, That it be referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs, to consider and report thereon.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of Benjamin F. Smith, contained in the message of the 15th instant; and,

On motion,

Ordered, That it be referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs, to consider and report thereon.

Mr. Barton, from the Committee on Public Lands, to which was referred the nomination of Alexander Hamilton, contained in the message of the 8th instant, reported. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the nominations of Charles Barnett and Hugh Steele, as contained in the message of the 8th instant; and,

On motion,

Ordered, That they be referred to the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures, to consider and report thereon.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1823.

Mr. Benton, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, to which was referred the nomination of Benjamin F. Smith, contained in the message of the 15th instant, reported. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1823.

The five following written messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Mosher:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate John Tipton, of Indiana, as Indian Agent, at Fort Wayne.
JAMES MONROE.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate John K. Paulding, of New York, as Navy Agent for the port of New York.
JAMES MONROE.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Samuel Larned, of Rhode Island, as Secretary of Legation at Chili.
JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, December, 17th 1823.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Franklin Litchfield, a citizen of the United States residing at Porto Cabello, in Colombia, as Consul of the United States at that place.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, December 17th, 1823.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Edward W. Duval, of Maryland, as Indian Agent for the Cherokee nation, on the Arkansas, vice David Brearly, Esq.

JAMES MONROE.

The messages were severally read.

Ordered, That they lie for consideration.

Mr. Benton, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, to which was referred the treaty with the Seminole Indians, reported it, with the following amendment, viz:

Strike out the tenth article.

Mr. Jackson, from the Committee on Military Affairs, to which were referred the nominations to promotions and appointments in the Army, contained in the message of the 15th instant, reported. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to all the promotions and appointments, agreeably to the nominations respectively, excepting the Cadets.

On motion,

Ordered, That the nominations of Cadets, to appointments in the Army, lie on the table.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1823.

On motion,

The Senate resumed the consideration of the nominations of Cadets to appointments in the Army, contained in the message of the 15th instant; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointments, agreeably to the nominations respectively.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of Franklin Litchfield, contained in the message of the 19th instant; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of Samuel Larned, contained in the message of the 19th instant; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of the 19th instant, nominating John K. Paulding to office; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of the 19th instant, nominating John Tipton to office; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of the 19th instant, nominating Edward W. Duval to office; and,

On motion,

Ordered, That the nomination be referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs, to consider and report thereon.

The Senate proceeded to consider, as in Committee of the Whole, the treaty with the Seminole Indians, together with the report of the Committee on Indian Affairs thereon; and, in conformity with said report, viz: to strike out the tenth article thereof;

On the question, "Will the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of this article?"

It was unanimously determined in the negative: Nays, 36.

Those who voted, are—Messrs. Barbour, Barton, Bell, Benton, Branch, Brown, Chandler, D'Wolf, Dickerson, Eaton, Edwards, of Connecticut, Findlay, Gaillard, Hayne, Holmes, of Maine, Holmes, of Mississippi, Jackson, Johnson, of Louisiana, King, of New York, Knight, Lanman, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, Lowrie, McIlvaine, Macon, Mills, Palmer, Parrott, Ruggles, Seymour, Smith, Talbot, Taylor, of Indiana, Thomas, Van Buren, and Williams.

And, no further amendment having been proposed, the President reported the treaty to the Senate as amended, to wit: Strike out the tenth article; and,

On the question, "Will the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of this article?"

It was unanimously determined in the negative: Nays, 35.

Those who voted, are—Messrs. Barbour, Barton, Bell, Benton, Branch, Brown, Chandler, D'Wolf, Dickerson, Eaton, Edwards, of Connecticut, Findlay, Gaillard, Hayne, Holmes, of Maine, Holmes, of Mississippi, Jackson, Johnson, of Louisiana, King, of New York, Knight, Lanman, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, Lowrie, McIlvaine, Macon, Mills, Palmer, Parrott, Ruggles, Seymour, Smith, Talbot, Taylor, of Indiana, Thomas, Van Buren, and Williams.

Ordered, That the treaty, as amended, pass to a third reading.

Mr. Benton submitted the following motion for consideration:

Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein,) That the Senate do advise and consent to the ratification of the treaty, made and concluded between the United States and the Seminole tribe of Indians, and the additional article attached thereto, on the 18th day of September, 1823, at Camp, on Moultrie Creek, with the exception of the tenth article of said treaty.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1823.

The two following written messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Mosher:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate William Noland, of Virginia, Receiver of Public Moneys at Batesville, Territory of Arkansas.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, December 23d, 1823.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Nicholas Biddle, and Manuel Eyre, of Pennsylvania; E. J. Dupont, of Delaware; Henry Eckford, of New York; and John McKim,

Jun., of Maryland, as Directors of the Bank of the United States, for the year 1824.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *December 23d*, 1823.

The messages were read.

Ordered, That they lie for consideration.

The treaty with the Seminole Indians was read the third time, as amended; and

The Senate proceeded to consider the resolution submitted yesterday, as to the form of its ratification; and,

On motion,

To strike out the words "Seminole tribe;"

The question was, "Shall these words stand part of the resolution?"

And unanimously determined in the negative: Nays, 31.

Those who voted, are—Messrs. Barbour, Barton, Bell, Benton, Branch, Chandler, D'Wolf, Eaton, Edwards, of Connecticut, Edwards, of Illinois, Findlay, Gaillard, Hayne, Holmes, of Maine, Jackson, Johnson, of Louisiana, Kelly, King, of New York, Knight, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, Lowrie, Macon, Mills, Noble, Palmer, Parrott, Ruggles, Seymour, Smith, Thomas, and Williams.

On motion,

To insert in lieu of "Seminole tribe," the words *Florida tribes*;

The question was, "Shall these words stand part of the resolution?"

And unanimously determined in the affirmative: Yeas, 32.

Those who voted, are—Messrs. Barbour, Barton, Bell, Benton, Branch, Brown, Chandler, D'Wolf, Eaton, Edwards, of Connecticut, Edwards, of Illinois, Findlay, Gaillard, Hayne, Holmes, of Maine, Jackson, Johnson, of Louisiana, Kelly, King, of New York, Knight, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, Lowrie, Macon, Mills, Noble, Palmer, Parrott, Ruggles, Seymour, Smith, Thomas, and Williams.

So the resolution was amended and agreed to, as follows:

Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein,) That the Senate do advise and consent to the ratification of the treaty, made and concluded between the United States and the Florida tribes of Indians, and the additional article attached thereto, on the 18th day of September, 1823, at Camp, on Moultrie Creek, with the exception of the 10th article of said treaty.

The question on the ratification of the treaty was then put, to wit:

"Will the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of this treaty, in the form agreed to?"

And it was unanimously determined in the affirmative: Yeas, 34.

Those who voted, are—Messrs. Barbour, Barton, Bell, Benton, Branch, Brown, Chandler, D'Wolf, Eaton, Edwards, of Connecticut, Edwards, of Illinois, Findlay, Gaillard, Hayne, Holmes, of Maine, Holmes, of Mississippi, Jackson, Johnson, of Louisiana, Kelly, King, of New York, Knight, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, Lowrie, Macon, Mills, Noble, Palmer, Parrott, Ruggles, Seymour, Smith, Thomas, Van Buren, and Williams.

So it was

Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein,) That the Senate do advise and consent to the ratification of the treaty, made and concluded between the United States and the Florida tribes of Indians, and the additional article attached thereto, on the 18th day of September, 1823,

at Camp, on Moultrie Creek, with the exception of the tenth article of said treaty.

Ordered, That the Secretary lay this resolution before the President of the United States.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1823.

The following written message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Mosher, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate James K. Paulding, of New York, (erroneously called John K. Paulding, in a recent message to the Senate,) as Navy Agent for the port of New York.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *December 31st*, 1823.

The message was read.

Ordered, That it lie for consideration.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of the 23d instant, nominating Nicholas Biddle, and others, to be Bank Directors; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointments, agreeably to the nominations respectively.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of the 23d instant, nominating William Noland; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

Mr. Holmes, of Maine, submitted the following motion for consideration:

Resolved, That, except decisions of the Senate, no transcript of the Executive Journals be furnished the President, without the order of the Senate.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 8, 1824.

The four following written messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Mosher, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate George P. Todson, of Louisiana, and Edward Macomb, of New York, as Assistant Surgeons of the Army of the United States.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *January 5th*, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Daniel Humphreys, of New Hampshire, to be Attorney of the United States for the district of New Hampshire, from 22d November, 1824, when his present commission expires.

John Pitman, of Rhode Island, to be Attorney of the United States for the district of Rhode Island, from 9th December, 1824, when his present commission expires.

Robert Tillotson, of New York, to be Attorney of the United States for the Southern District of New York, from 5th January, 1824, when his present commission expires.

Benjamin Reeder, of Virginia, to be Marshal of the United States for the Western District of Virginia, from 5th January, 1824, when his present commission expires.

Beverly Daniel, of North Carolina, to be Marshal of the United States for the District of North Carolina, from April 6, 1824, when his present commission expires.

Richard W. Habersham, of Georgia, to be Attorney of the United States for the District of Georgia, from 5th January, 1824, when his present commission expires.

William Crawford, of Alabama, to be Attorney of the United States for the District of Alabama, from 13th May, 1824, when his present commission expires.

Robert Purdy, of Tennessee, to be Marshal of the United States for the Western District of Tennessee, from 5th January, 1824, when his present commission expires.

George M. Bibb, of Kentucky, to be Attorney of the United States for the District of Kentucky, from 5th January, 1824, when his present commission expires.

Henry Conner, of Illinois, to be Marshal of the United States for the District of Illinois, from 15th May, 1824, when his present commission expires.

Joseph Selden, of Arkansas, to be Judge in and for the said Arkansas Territory, from 13th May, 1824, when his present commission expires.

James Young, John Chalmers, Richard Bland Lee, William Hewitt, and Andrew Way, to be Justices of the Peace in and for the County of Washington, from 2d March, 1824, when their present commission expires.

Edward S. Duncan, of Virginia, to be Attorney of the United States for the Western District of Virginia, in the place of Jacob Beeson, deceased.

Lucius Q. C. Elmer, of New Jersey, to be Attorney of the United States for the District of New Jersey, in the place of Joseph McIlvaine, resigned.

Robert Campbell, of Genoa, to be Consul of the United States at that place.

Richard R. Thomson, of Pennsylvania, to be Consul of the United States at Canton.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *January 5th*, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Cyrus Spink, of Ohio, to be Register of the Land Office at Wooster, Ohio.

George Conway, of Alabama, to be Receiver of Public Money for the district East of Pearl river, Alabama.

William P. Gould, of Alabama, to be Register of the Land Office at Tuscaloosa, Alabama.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *January 8th*, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Alexander W. Hamilton, of New York, as Collector of the port of Pensacola.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *January 5th*, 1824.

The messages were severally read.

Ordered, That they lie for consideration.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of James K. Paulding, contained in the message of the 31st December; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

Mr. Holmes, of Maine, withdrew the motion submitted by him on the 31st December; and submitted the following as a substitute:

Resolved, That no transcript of the Executive Journal, except of decisions, shall be furnished the President, without the order of the Senate: which was read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Benton, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, to which was referred the nomination of Edward W. Duval, as contained in the message of the 19th December, reported.

Mr. Holmes, of Maine, submitted the following motion for consideration:

Resolved, That no confidential communication be made to any Committee of the Senate, from the Executive Department.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1824.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of Alexander W. Hamilton, contained in the message of the 8th instant; and,

On motion,

Ordered, That it be referred to the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures, to consider and report thereon.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of the 8th January, nominating Daniel Humphreys, and others, to offices; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment of Lucius Q. C. Elmer, agreeably to the nomination.

On motion,

Ordered, That the nominations of Daniel Humphreys, John Pitman, Robert Tillotson, Benjamin Reeder, Beverly Daniel, Richard W. Habersham, William Crawford, Robert Purdy, George M. Bibb, Henry Conner, and Joseph Selden be severally referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, to consider and report thereon.

On motion,

Ordered, That the nominations of James Young, John Chalmers, Richard Bland Lee, William Hewitt, and Andrew Way, be severally referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia, to consider and report thereon.

On motion,

Ordered, That the nomination of Edward S. Duncan lie on the table.

On motion,

Ordered, That the nominations of Robert Campbell and Richard R. Thomson, be severally referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, to consider and report thereon.

On motion by Mr. Lloyd, of Massachusetts,

Ordered, That the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures, to which were referred, on the 17th December last, the nominations of Charles Barnet and Hugh Steel, be discharged from the further consideration thereof; and that they be referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, to consider and report thereon.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of the 8th instant, nominating Cyrus Spink, and others, to offices; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointments of Cyrus Spink and William P. Gould; agreeably to the nominations respectively.

Ordered, That the nomination of George Conway lie on the table.

The Senate proceeded consider the message of the 8th instant, nominating George P. Todson, and Edward Macomb, to offices; and,

On motion,

Ordered, That it be referred to the Committee on Military Affairs, to consider and report thereon.

On motion,

The Senate proceeded to consider the motion of the 8th instant, to prohibit transcripts from the Executive Journal to the President; and

Ordered, That it lie on the table.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 15, 1824.

The two following written messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Mosher, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate William D. McRay, of Missouri, as Receiver of Public Moneys of the Land Office for the Western District of Missouri.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *January 13th*, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate William Kneass, of Pennsylvania, as Engraver of the Mint of the United States.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *January 15*, 1824.

The messages were severally read.

Ordered, That they lie for consideration.

The Senate proceeded to consider the motion of the 8th instant, respecting communications to Committees from the Executive Department; and,

On motion,

Ordered, That it lie on the table.

On motion,

The Senate resumed the consideration of the motion of the 8th instant, to prohibit transcripts from the Executive Journal to the President; and,

On motion,

Ordered, That it be postponed indefinitely.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1824.

The following written message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Mosher, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Edward W. Duval, of Maryland, to be Indian Agent for the Cherokee nation, on the Arkansas.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *January 16th*, 1824.

The message was read, and considered by unanimous consent.

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The four following written messages were also received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Mosher, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Charles C. Coxe, of New Jersey, to be Consul at Tunis.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *January 20th*, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Abraham Edwards, Stephen Mack, William H. Puthuff, Wolcott Lawrence, Robert Irwin, Jun., John Stockton, Roger Sprague, Zephaniah W. Bunce, and Hubert La Croix, as members of the Legislative Council for the Territory of Michigan.

James Witherell, Solomon Sibley, and John Hunt, as Judges for the Territory of Michigan.

James D. Doty, Additional Judge for the Territory of Michigan, in the counties of Michilimackinac, Brown, and Crawford.

Andrew G. Whitney, to be District Attorney for the Territory of Michigan.

WASHINGTON, *January 19th*, 1824.

JAMES MONROE.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate John Whitehead, Collector for Key West, Thompson's Island.

Braxton B. Winn, of Kentucky, Surveyor and Inspector of the Revenue at St. Marks, in the place of Jeremiah Elkins, resigned.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *January 20th*, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I renominate James R. Pringle, Collector of the Customs for the district of Charleston, South Carolina, his commission having expired.

John Condit, Assistant Collector of the Customs for the district of New York, for the City and port of Jersey, his commission having expired.

Jonathan Kearsly, Receiver of Public Moneys for the district of Detroit, his commission having expired.

John C. S. Harrison, Receiver of Public Moneys for the district of Vincennes, his commission having expired.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *January 20th*, 1824.

The messages were severally read.

Ordered, That they lie for consideration.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of William D. McRay, contained in the message of the 15th instant; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of the 15th January, nominating William Kneass to office; and,

On motion,

Ordered, That it lie on the table.

On motion,

Ordered, That the nomination of James R. Pringle be referred to the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures, to consider and report thereon; and that the nominations of Jonathan Kearsley, and John C. S. Harrison, be referred to the Committee on Public Lands, to consider and report thereon.

Mr. Jackson, from the Committee on Military Affairs, to which were referred the nominations of George P. Todson, and Edward Macomb, as contained in the message of the 8th instant, reported; and

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointments, agreeably to the nominations respectively.

Mr. Van Buren, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to which were referred the nominations of Daniel Humphreys, John Pitman, Robert Tillotson, Benjamin Reeder, Beverly Daniel, Richard W. Habersham, William Crawford, Robert Purdy, George M. Bibb, Henry Conner, and Joseph Selden, contained in the message of the 8th January, reported; and

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointments, agreeably to the nominations respectively, except Robert Purdy—

Ordered, To lie on the table.

Mr. Barbour, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, to which were referred the nominations of Charles Barnet, and Hugh Steel, contained in the message of the 8th December, reported; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment of Charles Barnet, agreeably to the nomination.

Ordered, That the nomination of Hugh Steel lie on the table.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1824.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of yesterday, nominating Charles C. Coxe to office; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of yesterday, nominating Abraham Edwards, and others, to offices; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointments of James Witherell, Solomon Sibley, John Hunt, James D. Doty, and Andrew G. Whitney, agreeably to the nominations respectively.

On motion,

Ordered, That the other nominations be referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, to consider and report thereon.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of yesterday, nominating John Whitehead, and Braxton B. Winn, to offices; and

Ordered, That the nomination of John Whitehead be referred to the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures, to consider and report thereon.

Ordered, That the nomination of Braxton B. Winn lie on the table.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the nomination of John Condict, as contained in the message of yesterday, nominating James R. Pringle, and others, to offices; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 29, 1824.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the nomination of Robert Purdy, contained in the message of the 8th January, nominating Daniel Humphreys, and others, to offices; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the nomination of James R. Pringle, contained in the message of the 20th instant; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the message of the 15th instant, nominating William Kneass, of Pennsylvania, as Engraver of the Mint of the United States; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

Mr. Lloyd, of Maryland, from the Committee on the District of Columbia, to whom were referred the nominations of James Young, and others, to be Justices of the Peace, contained in the message of the 8th instant, nominating Daniel Humphreys, and others, to offices, reported. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointments of James Young, John Chalmers, Richard Bland Lee, William Hewitt, and Andrew Way, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of Hugh Steel, contained in the message of the 8th December, nominating Willard Hall, and others, to offices; and

Ordered, That it lie on the table.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1824.

The following written messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Mosher, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Samuel A. Morse, to be Collector of the Customs for the district, and Inspector of the Revenue, for the port of Machias, from the 28th January, 1824.

Alexander Hunter, to be Surveyor and Inspector of the Revenue for the port of Savannah, from January 28th, 1824.

Joseph Aborn, to be Collector of the Customs for the district of Teche, and Inspector of the Revenue for the port of Nova Iberia, from February 9th, 1824.

Joseph F. Wingate, to be Collector of the Customs for the district, and Inspector of the Revenue for the port of Bath, from February 10th, 1824.

James Palmer, Surveyor and Inspector of the Revenue for the port of Windsor, North Carolina, from February 10th, 1824.

James Sterret, Naval Officer for the port of New Orleans, from February 17th, 1824.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *February 2d*, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Samuel Ross, to be Appraiser of Goods for the port of Philadelphia.

Thomas Stewart,	do	do	do	do
William Little,	do	do	do	Boston.
Isaac Waters,	do	do	do	do
Abraham Lawrence,	do	do	do	N. York.
Frederick Jenkins,	do	do	do	do

William Dickinson, to be Appraiser of Goods for the port of Baltimore.
 William Haslett, do do do do
 Andrew Smilie, do do do Charleston.
 Edward Mortimer, do do do do
 Wimberly I. Hunter, do do do Savannah.
 William Bee, do do do do
 Charles Gardiner, do do do N. Orleans
 Robert M. Welman, do do do do
 Mathew Jenkins, Surveyor and Inspector of the Revenue for the port of
 St. Johns, East Florida.

Ezra Stiles Meigs, Surveyor and Inspector of the Revenue for the port of
 Pensacola.

James Macrae, Surveyor and Inspector of the Revenue for the port of
 Dumfries, Virginia.

H. G. S. Key, Surveyor and Inspector of the Revenue for the port of
 Llewellynsburg.

Moses Fort, Collector of the Customs for the district, and Inspector of the
 Revenue, for the port of Georgetown, South Carolina.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *February 2d*, 1824.

The messages were severally read, and considered by unanimous consent.

Ordered, That they be referred to the Committee on Commerce and
 Manufactures, to consider and report thereon.

Mr. Van Buren, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom were re-
 ferred the nominations of Abraham Edwards, and others, to be members of
 the Legislative Council for the Territory of Michigan, reported. Where-
 upon,

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointment of
 Abraham Edwards, Stephen Mack, William K. Puthuff, Wolcot Lawrence,
 Robert Irwin, Jun., John Stockton, Roger Sprague, Zephaniah W. Bunce,
 and Hubert La Croix, as members of the Legislative Council for the Terri-
 tory of Michigan, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

Mr. Dickerson, from the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures, to
 whom was referred the nomination of John Whitehead, contained in the
 message of the 20th January, reported. Whereupon,

Ordered, That the nomination lie on the table.

Mr. Dickerson, from the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures, to
 whom was referred the nomination of Alexander W. Hamilton, to be Col-
 lector of the port of Pensacola, reported.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1824.

The following written messages were received from the President of the
 United States, by Mr. Mosher, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate John M. Macpherson, of Pennsylvania, as Consul of the Uni-
 ted States at Maracuybo, in the Republic of Colombia; and Peter Lanman,
 of New York, as Consul of the United States at Kingston, in the Island of
 Jamaica.

JAMES MONROE.

February 5th, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Samuel I. Rennells, Register at St. Helena Court House, Louisiana, in the room of James M. Bradford, resigned.

William Howze, Register at Jackson Court House, Mississippi, in the room of William Barton, resigned.

JAMES MONROE.

February 5th, 1824.

The messages were read.

Ordered, That they lie for consideration.

On motion,

The Senate resumed the nomination of John Whitehead, contained in the message of 20th January.

On the question, "Will the Senate advise and consent to this appointment?"

It was determined in the affirmative: Yeas, 30; Nays, 7.

The yeas and nays being desired by one-fifth of the Senators present,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are—Messrs. Barbour, Barton, Bell, Benton, Brown, Chandler, Dickerson, Eaton, Edwards, of Connecticut, Findlay, Gaillard, Holmes, of Maine, Holmes, of Mississippi, Jackson, Johnson, of Louisiana, Kelly, Lanman, Lloyd, of Maryland, Lowrie, Macon, Noble, Palmer, Parrott, Ruggles, Seymour, Smith, Talbot, Thomas, Van Buren, and Williams.

Those who voted in the negative, are—Messrs. Branch, Clayton, D'Wolf, Hayne, King, of New York, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, and Van Dyke.

So it was

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointment of John Whitehead, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate resumed the nomination of Alexander W. Hamilton, contained in the message of the 8th January.

On the question, "Will the Senate advise and consent to this appointment?"

It was determined in the affirmative: Yeas, 22; Nays, 20.

The yeas and nays being desired by one-fifth of the Senators present,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are—Messrs. Barbour, Bell, Dickerson, Gaillard, Holmes, of Maine, Johnson, of Kentucky, Johnson, of Louisiana, Kelly, King, of Alabama, King, of New York, Knight, Lanman, Lloyd, of Maryland, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, Macon, Mills, Parrott, Ruggles, Seymour, Smith, Talbot, and Van Buren.

Those who voted in the negative, are—Messrs. Barton, Benton, Branch, Brown, Chandler, Clayton, D'Wolf, Eaton, Edwards, of Connecticut, Elliott, Findlay, Hayne, Holmes, of Mississippi, Jackson, Lowrie, Noble, Palmer, Thomas, Van Dyke, and Williams.

So it was

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointment of Alexander W. Hamilton, agreeably to the nomination.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1824.

Mr. Barton, from the Committee on Public Lands, to whom were referred, on the 20th January, the nominations of Jonathan Kearsley and John C. S.

Harrison, contained in the message of the 20th January, reported. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointments of Jonathan Kearsley and John C. S. Harrison, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of the 9th instant, nominating Samuel J. Rennells, and William Howze, to offices; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointments of Samuel J. Rennells, and William Howze, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of the 9th instant, nominating John M. Macpherson, and Peter Lanman, to offices; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment of Peter Lanman, agreeably to the nomination.

Ordered, That the nomination of John M. Macpherson, be referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, to consider and report thereon.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1824.

The following written message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Craven P. Lockett, of Kentucky, to be Commissioner for ascertaining claims and titles to land in Florida, in the place of James P. Preston, resigned.

I nominate William H. Plowden, of St. Mary's, to be Collector at the port of St. Mary's, in the State of Maryland, in the place of Athanasius Fenwick, resigned.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *February, 12th* 1824.

The message was read.

Ordered, That it lie for consideration.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1824.

The following written message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Ninian Edwards, of Illinois, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Republic of Mexico.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *February 18th*, 1824.

The message was read.

Ordered, That it lie for consideration.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of the 12th instant, nominating Craven P. Lockett, and William H. Plowden, to offices; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointments of Craven P. Lockett and William H. Plowden, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1824.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of the 18th instant, nominating Ninian Edwards to office; and

Ordered, That the further consideration thereof be postponed until to-morrow.

Mr. Dickerson, from the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures, to whom was referred, on the 4th instant, the message of that date, nominating Samuel A. Morse, and others, to offices, reported. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate advise and consent to the appointments of Samuel A. Morse, Alexander Hunter, Joseph Aborn, James Palmer, and James Sterret, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

Ordered, That the nomination of Joseph F. Wingate lie on the table.

Mr. Dickerson, from the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures, to whom was referred the message of the 4th instant, nominating Samuel Ross, and others, to offices, reported. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate advise and consent to the appointments of Samuel Ross, Thomas Stewart, William Little, Isaac Waters, Frederick Jenkins, William Dickinson, William Haslett, Andrew Smilie, Edward Mortimer, Charles Gardiner, Robert M. Welman, Matthew Jenkins, Ezra Stiles Meigs, James Macrae, H. G. S. Key, and Moses Fort, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1824.

The following written messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate James G. Percival, to be Assistant Surgeon in the Army of the United States.

WASHINGTON, February 23d, 1824.

JAMES MONROE.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Hercules Cushman, of Massachusetts, to be Collector of the Customs for the district of Dighton, Massachusetts.

Benjamin Desha, of Kentucky, to be Receiver of Public Moneys for the district of Arkansas, Arkansas.

WASHINGTON, February 23d, 1824.

JAMES MONROE.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Joseph Ridgway, of New York, as Consul of the United States for the Island of St. Croix; and David Walker, of Pennsylvania, as Consul of the United States at Glasgow, in Scotland, in the place of Harvey Strong, removed.

WASHINGTON, February 20th, 1824.

JAMES MONROE.

The messages were severally read.

Ordered, That they lie for consideration.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the nomination of Ninian Edwards, contained in the message of the 18th instant; and

Ordered, That the further consideration thereof be postponed until to-morrow.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the nominations of Wimberly I. Hunter, and William Bee, contained in the message of the 4th instant; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointments of Wimberly I. Hunter and Wm. Bee, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the nomination of Hugh Steele, contained in the message of the 8th December, nominating Willard Hall, and others, to offices; and

Resolved, That the Senate do *not* advise and consent to the appointment of Hugh Steele, of Illinois, to be Consul of the United States for the Island of St. Bartholomew, in the place of Robert M. Harrison, resigned.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1824.

The following written message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

In nominating Archibald W. Hamilton to the Senate, sometime ago, as Collector of the Customs at Pensacola, a mistake was accidentally made in his Christian name, by designating him as "Alexander," instead of Archibald, and the nomination was confirmed under this mistake. I mention the circumstance, that the necessary order may be made by the Senate, for the correction of the error in the nomination and confirmation.

WASHINGTON, February 24th, 1824.

JAMES MONROE.

The message was read.

Mr. King, of New York, submitted the following motion for consideration:

Resolved, That the nomination of Archibald W. Hamilton be corrected, according to the message of the President of the United States, of the 26th February, 1824.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the nomination of Ninian Edwards, contained in the message of the 18th instant; and,

On motion by Mr. King, of New York,

Ordered, That the further consideration thereof be postponed to, and made the order of the day for, Monday next.

THURSDAY, MARCH 4, 1824.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of James G. Percival, contained in the message of the 24th ultimo; and

Resolved, That they advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the nomination of Ninian Edwards, contained in the message of the 18th ultimo; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate proceeded to consider the motion of the 26th February, respecting the correction of an error in the nomination of Archibald W. Hamilton, and agreed thereto.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of Edward S. Duncan, contained in the message of the 8th January; and

Resolved, That they advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nominations of Hercules Cushman, and Benjamin Desha, contained in the message of the 24th February; and

Resolved, That they advise and consent to the appointments, agreeably to the nominations respectively.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of David Walker, contained in the message of the 24th February; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment of David Walker, agreeably to the nomination.

MONDAY, MARCH 15, 1824.

The following written messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate William Steuben Smith, to be Paymaster in the Army of the United States.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, March 8th, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Pearson Cogswell, of New Hampshire, as Marshal of the United States for the district of New Hampshire, in the place of Michael M'Clary, resigned.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, March 8th, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate the persons herein named, to compose the Legislative Council of Florida, for one year from the 4th March, 1824, viz:

James Gadsden, Joseph M. Hernandez, Peter Mitchell, William R. Reynolds, John L. Daggett, Abraham Bellamy, Jonathan Robinson, Thomas Russ, James Bright, Richard Compton, John de la Rua, Ben. D. Wright, Joseph Noriaga.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, March 12th, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate David Derrickson, of Meadville, Collector of the Internal Duties and Direct Taxes, for the twenty-third collection district of Pennsylvania, in the place of Richard Bean, removed.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, February 11th, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Isaac Pipkin, to be Surveyor of the port of Murfreesboro', in North Carolina, in the place of James Morgan, resigned.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, February 11th, 1824.

The messages were severally read.

Ordered, That they lie for consideration.

On motion,

It was agreed, by unanimous consent, that the Senate proceed to the consideration of the message of this day, nominating Pearson Cogswell to office; and

Resolved, That they advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

On motion,

It was agreed, by unanimous consent, that the Senate proceed to the consideration of the message of this day, nominating David Derrickson to office; and

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1824.

The following written message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Benjamin Ames, of the State of Maine, as Marshal of the United States for the district of Maine, in the place of Thomas G. Thornton, deceased.

Alexander Burton, of Pennsylvania, as Consul of the United States for Cadiz, in Spain, in the place of Thomas Ludwell Lee Brent, who declines an acceptance of the office.

Robert Montgomery, of Alicant, in Spain, as Consul of the United States at that place, in the place of Robert Montgomery, deceased; and

Joseph Ridgeway, of New York, as Consul of the United States at the island of St. Croix, in the place of Robert Jaques, removed.

JAMES MONROE.

March 15th, 1824.

The message was read.

Ordered, That it lie for consideration.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the message of the 15th instant, nominating Isaac Pipkin to office; and

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of the 15th instant, nominating James Gadsden, and others, to office; and

Ordered, That the nomination of James Gadsden, Joseph M. Hernandez, Peter Mitchell, William R. Reynolds, John L. Daggett, Abraham Bellamy, Jonathan Robinson, Thomas Russ, James Bright, Richard Compton, John de la Rua, Ben. D. Wright, and Joseph Noriaga, be referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, to consider and report thereon.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of the 15th instant, nominating William Steuben Smith to office; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment of William Steuben Smith, agreeably to the nomination.

Ordered, That the nomination of Joseph Ridgeway, contained in the message of this day, be referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, to consider and report thereon.

TUESDAY, MARCH 23, 1824.

Mr. Holmes, of Maine, submitted the following motion for consideration; which was read:

Resolved, That the nomination of Joseph F. Wingate be recommitted; and that the Committee be authorized to summon and compel the attendance of witnesses, and to order the taking affidavits or depositions.

Mr. Holmes, of Maine, submitted certain documents relating to the nomination of Joseph F. Wingate.

Ordered, That they lie on the table.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of Benjamin Ames, contained in the message of the 22d instant; and

Ordered, That it be referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, to consider and report thereon.

Mr. Holmes, of Maine, submitted the following motion for consideration :

Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom is referred the nomination of Benjamin Ames, be authorized to summon and compel the attendance of witnesses, and to order the taking affidavits or depositions.

Mr. Mills submitted certain documents in relation to the nomination of Benjamin Ames.

Ordered, That they be referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the nomination of George Conway, contained in the message of the 8th of January; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1824.

The following written message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

Having seen, with regret, that occasional errors have been made in nominations to the Senate, sometimes by the omission of a letter in the name, proceeding from casualties in the Departments, and in my own office, it would be satisfactory to me, if an arrangement could be made, whereby such errors might be corrected without the formality of a special message. Where there is an accord as to the person, there seems to be no reason for resorting to a renomination for the correction of such trivial errors. Any mode which the Senate may adopt, will be satisfactory to me.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *March 25th*, 1824.

The message was read.

Ordered, That it be referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, to consider and report thereon.

The following written messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

In presenting Abraham Lawrence to the Senate, as Appraiser of Goods for the port of New York, there appears to be an omission of a letter in the name. I therefore withdraw Abraham Lawrence, and I nominate Abraham R. Lawrence, to be Appraiser of Goods for the port of New York.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *March 24th*, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Alfred Seton, of New York, as Consul of the United States at Augusta, in the Republic of Colombia.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *March 23d*, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate James Robertson, Jun., to be Collector of the Customs for the district of Petersburg, in the State of Virginia, in the place of Joseph Jones, deceased.

JAMES MONROE.

March 24th, 1824.

The messages were severally read.

Ordered, That they lie for consideration.

The following written message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

In nominating Mr. Duncan to the Senate, during the present session, for the Attorneyship of the United States, in the Western district of Virginia, he is erroneously designated as "Edward," instead of Edwin, his first name; and the Senate, by their resolution on the fourth instant, confirmed that nomination. The circumstance is now noticed, that the mistake may be seasonably corrected by authority of the Senate.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *March 23d*, 1824.

The message was read.

The Senate proceeded to consider the motion, submitted on the 23d instant, relative to the nomination of Joseph F. Wingate which was amended, and agreed to, as follows:

Resolved, That the nomination of Joseph F. Wingate, be recommitted to the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures, further to consider and report thereon.

Mr. Lanman submitted a document in relation to the nomination of Joseph F. Wingate.

Ordered, That it be referred to the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures.

On motion,

It was agreed, by unanimous consent, that the Senate proceed to the consideration of the message of this day, nominating Abraham R. Lawrence to office; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate proceeded to consider the message of this day, respecting the correction of an error in the appointment of Edwin S. Duncan. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the nomination of Edwin S. Duncan be corrected, according to the message of the President of the United States of this day.

FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1824.

The following written messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I renominate Benjamin S. Pope, to be Register of the Land Office at Huntsville, from the 6th of April, 1824.

Obadiah Jones, to be Receiver of Public Moneys for the district of Huntsville, from the 6th of April, 1824.

George F. Strother, Receiver of Public Moneys for the district of St. Louis, from April 6th, 1824.

Tunstall Quarles, Receiver of Public Moneys for the district of Cape Girardeau, from the 6th April, 1824.

George Bullit, Register of the Land Office for the district of Cape Girardeau, from the 6th of April, 1824.

Heartwell Boswell, Register of the Land Office for the district of Lawrence, from the 6th of April, 1824.

JAMES MONROE.

To the Senate of the United States:

I renominate Christopher Ellery, to be Collector of the Customs for the district of Newport, Rhode Island, from the 5th April, 1824.

Humphrey Peake, to be Collector of the Customs for the district of Alexandria, from the 5th of April, 1824.

John M. Canfield, to be Collector of the Customs for the district, and Inspector of the Revenue for the port of Sackett's Harbor, from the 12th of April, 1824.

JAMES MONROE.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate William Broadus, of Virginia, to be Paymaster and Military Storekeeper at Harper's Ferry.

JAMES MONROE.

April 1st, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Barnabas Bates, Collector for the district of Bristol and Warren, Rhode Island.

JAMES MONROE.

April 2d, 1824.

The messages were severally read.

On motion,

It was agreed, by unanimous consent, that the Senate proceed to the consideration of the message, of this day, nominating William Broadus to office; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

On motion,

Ordered, That the message nominating Christopher Ellery, and others, to offices, and the message nominating Barnabas Bates to office, be severally referred to the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures, to consider and report thereon.

On motion,

Ordered, That the nominations of Benjamin S. Pope, Obadiah Jones, George F. Strother, Tunstall Quarles, George Bullit, and Heartwell Boswell, be referred to the Committee on Public Lands, to consider and report thereon.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of James Robertso, Jr., contained in the message of the 29th ultimo; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

Mr. Van Buren, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom were referred, on the 22d March, the nominations of James Gadsden, Joseph M. Hernandez, Peter Mitchell, William R. Reynolds, John L. Daggett, Abraham Bellamy, Jonathan Robinson, Thomas Russ, James Bright, Richard Compton, John de la Rua, Benjamin D. Wright, and Joseph Noriaga, contained in the message of the 15th March, reported. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointments, agreeably to the nominations respectively.

On motion by Mr. Van Buren,

Ordered, That the Committee on the Judiciary be discharged from the further consideration of the message relative to the correction of errors in nominations, referred to the Committee on the 29th March.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of Alfred Seton, of New York, contained in the message of the 29th March; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of Alexander Burton, contained in the message of the 22d ultimo; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

On motion,

Ordered, That the nomination of Robert Montgomery, contained in the message of the 22d April, be referred to the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures, to consider and report thereon.

THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1824.

Mr. Dickerson, from the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures, to whom was referred, on the 2d instant, the nomination of Barnabas Bates, made a report; which was read.

Mr. Dickerson, from the same Committee, to whom were referred, on the 2d instant, the nominations of Christopher Ellery, Humphrey Peake, and John M. Canfield, reported. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointments of Christopher Ellery, Humphrey Peake, and John M. Canfield, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of Barnabas Bates, contained in the message of the 2d instant; and,

On motion,

The Senate adjourned.

FRIDAY, APRIL 16, 1824.

The following written messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Andrew P. Hay, to be Receiver of Public Moneys for the district of Jeffersonville, Indiana.

JAMES MONROE.

April 16th, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Beaufort T. Watts, of South Carolina, to be Secretary of Legation to Colombia, in the place of Charles S. Todd, who declines an acceptance of the appointment.

Charles Savage, of Kentucky, to be Consul at Guatemala, and the adjacent places under the same allegiance; and

George W. Slacum, of Alexandria, in the District of Columbia, to be Consul at Buenos Ayres.

JAMES MONROE.

April 14th, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate William B. Scott, to be Surveyor and Inspector of the Revenue for the port of Town Creek, Maryland.

JAMES MONROE.

April 16th, 1824.

The messages were read.

Ordered, That they lie for consideration.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the nomination of Barnabas Bates; and

Ordered, That it lie on the table.

● MONDAY, APRIL 19, 1824.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the nomination of Barnabas Bates, contained in the message of the 2d April; and,

On the question, "Will the Senate advise and consent to this appointment?"

It was determined in the negative: Yeas, 17; Nays, 26.

The yeas and nays being desired by one-fifth of the Senators present,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are—Messrs. Barton, Eaton, Edwards, Hayne, Holmes, of Mississippi, Johnson, of Kentucky, Henry Johnson, Kelly, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, McIlvaine, Mills, Noble, Parrott, Seymour, Talbot, Taylor, of Virginia, and Williams.

Those who voted in the negative, are—Messrs. Barbour, Bell, Branch, Brown, Chandler, Clayton, D'Wolf, Dickerson, Elliott, Findlay, Gaillard, Holmes, of Maine, Josiah S. Johnston, King, of Alabama, King, of New-York, Lanman, Lloyd, of Maryland, Lowrie, Macon, Palmer, Ruggles, Smith, Thomas, Van Buren, Van Dyke, and Ware.

So it was

Resolved, That the Senate do not advise and consent to the appointment of Barnabas Bates.

The following written message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate to the Senate, Edward Bates, of Missouri, to be Attorney of the United States for the district of Missouri, in the room of Robert Wash, resigned.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *April 19th, 1824.*

The message was read.

Ordered, That it lie for consideration.

On motion;

Ordered, That the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures be discharged from the further consideration of the nomination of Robert Montgomery, contained in the message of the 22d of March, and that it be referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, to consider and report thereon.

On motion,

Ordered, That the nomination of Beaufort T. Watts, contained in the message of the 16th instant, be referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, to consider and report thereon.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of Andrew P. Hay, contained in the message of the 16th instant; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of William B. Scott, contained in the message of the 16th instant; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

Mr. Barton, from the Committee on Public Lands, to whom was referred, on the 2d instant, the nominations of Benjamin S. Pope, Obadiah Jones, George F. Strother, Tunstall Quarles, George Bullit, and Heartwell Boswell, reported. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointments of Benjamin S. Pope, Obadiah Jones, George F. Strother, George Bullit, and Heartwell Boswell, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

Mr. Barbour, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, to whom were referred, on the 14th January, the nominations of Robert Campbell, and Richard R. Thompson, reported. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointments of Robert Campbell and Richard R. Thompson, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

Mr. Barbour, from the same Committee, to whom was referred, on the 10th February, the nomination of John M. M'Pherson, reported.

Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointment of John M. M'Pherson, agreeably to the nomination.

Mr. Barbour, from the same Committee, to whom was referred, on the 22d March, the nomination of Joseph Ridgeway, reported. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointment of Joseph Ridgeway, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nominations of Charles Savage, and George W. Slacum, contained in the message of the 16th instant; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointments, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

TUESDAY, APRIL 27, 1824.

The following written message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Williamson Dunn, to be Register of the Land Office for the district of Terre Haute, Indiana, to bear date from the 5th May, 1824.

Ambrose Whitlocke, to be Receiver of Public Moneys for the district of Terre Haute, Indiana, to bear date from the 5th May, 1824.

Robert Hanna, jr. to be Register of the Land Office for the district of Brookville, Indiana, to bear date from the 5th of May, 1824.

Lazarus Noble, to be Receiver of Public Moneys for the district of Brookville, Indiana, to bear date from the 5th May, 1824.

Thomas B. Van Horne, to be Register of the Land Office for the district of Piqua, Ohio, to bear date from the 5th May, 1824.

Horton Howard, to be Receiver of Public Moneys for the district of Delaware, Ohio, to bear date on the 15th May, 1824.

Joseph Dunbar, to be Receiver of Public Moneys for the district of Washington, Mississippi, to bear date on the 23d of May, 1824.

Platt Brush, to be Register of the Land Office for the district of Delaware, Ohio, to bear date 23d May, 1824.

Nathaniel Phillips, to be Surveyor and Inspector of the Revenue, for the port of Warren, Rhode Island, to bear date 5th May, 1824.

James Johnson, to be Collector of the Customs for the district of Norfolk and Portsmouth, to bear date 15th May, 1824.

JAMES MONROE.

The message was read; and, on motion, considered by unanimous consent.

Ordered, That the nominations of Williamson Dunn, Ambrose Whitlocke, Robert Hanna, jr. Lazarus Noble, Thomas B. Van Horne, Horton Howard, Joseph Dunbar, and Platt Brush, be severally referred to the Committee on Public Lands, to consider and report thereon.

Ordered, That the nominations of Nathaniel Phillips, and James Johnson, be severally referred to the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures, to consider and report thereon.

Mr. Barbour, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, to whom were referred, on the 19th instant, the nominations of Robert Montgomery and Beaufort T. Watts, reported. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointments of Robert Montgomery and Beaufort T. Watts, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

Mr. Van Buren, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred, on the 23d March, the nomination of Benjamin Ames, reported in part.

The Senate proceeded to consider the motion, submitted on the 23d March, "that the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom is referred the nomination of Benjamin Ames, be authorized to summon and compel the attendance of witnesses, and to order the taking affidavits or depositions;" and agreed thereto.

FRIDAY, APRIL 30, 1824.

The following written message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I transmit to the Senate, for their constitutional advice with regard to its ratification, a convention for the suppression of the African Slave Trade, signed at London, on the 13th ultimo, by the Minister of the United States residing there, on their part, with the Plenipotentiaries of the British government, on the part of that nation, together with the correspondence relating thereto; a part of which is included in a communication made to the House of Representatives, on the 19th ultimo, a printed copy of which is among the documents herewith sent.

Motives of accommodation to the wishes of the British government, render it desirable that the Senate should act definitively upon this convention, as speedily as may be found convenient.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, April 30th, 1824.

The message, convention, and documents, were read.

Ordered, That they be referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, to consider and report thereon, and be printed under an injunction of secrecy.

The following written message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I communicate to the Senate, a treaty entered into with the Cherokee nation, as early as 1804; but which, owing to causes not now understood, has never been carried into effect; of the authenticity of the transaction, a report from the Secretary of War, with the documents accompanying it, furnishes the most unquestionable proof. I submit it to the Senate, for its advice and consent as to the ratification.

JAMES MONROE.

The message, treaty, and accompanying documents, were read.

Ordered, That they be referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs, to consider and report thereon.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of Edward Bates, contained in the message of the 19th instant; and

Resolved, That they advise and consent to the appointment of Edward Bates, agreeably to the nomination.

Mr. Barton submitted a document in relation to the nomination of Tunstall Quarles.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of Tunstall Quarles; contained in the message of the 2d instant; and,

On motion,

Ordered, That it lie on the table.

SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1824.

The following written message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Daniel Brent:

I communicate to the Senate, copies of additional documents relating to the convention for the suppression of the African Slave Trade, which have been this day received at the Department of State.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, May 7th, 1824.

The message, and documents therein referred to, were read.

Ordered, That they be printed, in confidence, for the use of the members.

Mr. Barbour, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, to whom was referred, on the 30th April, the message of the President of the United States, of that date, together with the Convention with Great Britain, reported the convention without amendment.

The said convention was read the second time.

Mr. Benton, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, to whom was referred, on the 30th April, the message of the President of the United States, of that date, together with a treaty with the Cherokee Indians, reported the treaty without amendment.

Mr. Dickerson, from the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures, to whom were referred, on the 27th April, the nominations of Nathaniel Phillips and James Johnson, reported. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointments of Nathaniel Phillips and James Johnson, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

On motion,

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of Tunstall Quarles, contained in the message of the 2d April, nominating Benjamin S. Pope, and others; and,

On the question, "Will the Senate advise and consent to the appointment?"

It was determined in the negative: Yeas, 15; Nays, 20.

The yeas and nays being desired by one-fifth of the Senators present,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are—Messrs. Barbour, Barton, Clayton, Eaton, Edwards, Jackson, Johnson, of Kentucky, Kelly, King, of Alabama, Knight, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, Parrott, Seymour, Taylor, of Virginia, and Van Dyke.

Those who voted in the negative, are—Messrs. Bell, Benton, Branch, Brown, Chandler, D'Wolf, Dickerson, Elliott, Findlay, Hayne, Holmes, of Maine, Holmes, of Mississippi, Josiah S. Johnston, Lloyd, of Maryland, Lowrie Macon, Ruggles, Taylor, of Indiana, Thomas, and Williams.

So it was

Resolved, That the Senate do *not* advise and consent to the appointment of Tunstall Quarles.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 12, 1824.

The President laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary for the Department of State, requesting the return of certain original papers, relating to the nomination of Charles Dewey.

On motion,

Ordered, That the papers referred to, be transmitted to the Department of State; and that a copy of the letter from Jonathan Jennings be retained.

The following written messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate John Hays, to be Receiver of Public Moneys at Jackson, Missouri.

Luke Drury, to be Collector of the Customs for the district of Bristol and Warren, Rhode Island.

JAMES MONROE.

May 10th, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate William Steele, of Kentucky, to be Consul of the United States at Acapulco, in Mexico.

William G. D. Worthington, of Maryland, to be Commissioner for ascertaining land titles in the Territory of Florida, in place of Alexander Hamilton, resigned.

William Wilkins, of Pennsylvania, to be Judge of the United States for the Western district of Pennsylvania, in place of Jonathan H. Walker, deceased.

JAMES MONROE.

The messages were severally read.

Mr. Barton, from the Committee on Public Lands, to whom was referred, on the 27th April, the nominations of Williamson Dunn, Ambrose Whitlocke, Robert Hanna, Jun. Lazarus Noble, Thomas B. Van Horne, Horton Howard, Joseph Dunbar, and Platt Brush, reported. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointments of Williamson Dunn, Ambrose Whitlocke, Robert Hanna, Jun., Lazarus Noble, Thomas B. Van Horne, Horton Howard, Joseph Dunbar, and Platt Brush, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

The Senate proceeded to consider, as in Committee of the Whole, the convention with Great Britain, concluded at London, the 30th March, 1824; and

Ordered, That it lie on the table.

The treaty between the United States and the Cherokee Indians, was read a second time, and considered as in Committee of the Whole; and no amendment having been made thereto, it was reported to the Senate; and,

Ordered, That it pass to a third reading.

On motion,

It was agreed, by unanimous consent, that the Senate proceed to the consideration of the message of the President of the United States, of this day, nominating William Steele, and others, to offices; and

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointments of William Steele and William Wilkins, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

Ordered, That the nomination of William G. D. Worthington lie on the table.

On motion,

It was agreed, by unanimous consent, that the Senate proceed to the consideration of the nomination of John Hays, contained in the message of this day; and

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointment of John Hays, agreeably to the nomination.

THURSDAY, MAY 13, 1824.

Mr. Benton submitted the following motion for consideration, which was read:

Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein,) That the Senate do advise and consent to the ratification of the treaty, made and concluded at the Garrison of Tellico, on Cherokee ground, the 24th day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and four, between the United States of America and the Cherokee nation of Indians.

The treaty made with the Cherokee nation was read the third time; and,

On the question, "Will the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of this treaty?"

It was determined unanimously in the affirmative: Yeas, 40.

Those who voted, are—Messrs. Barbour, Barton, Bell, Benton, Branch, Brown, Chandler, Clayton, D'Wolf, Dickerson, Edwards, Elliott, Gaillard, Hayne, Holmes, of Maine, Holmes, of Mississippi, Jackson, Johnson, of Kentucky, Henry Johnson, Josiah S. Johnston, Kelly, King, of Alabama, King, of New York, Knight, Lanman, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, Lowrie, McIlvaine, Macon, Mills, Parrott, Seymour, Smith, Talbot, Taylor, of Virginia, Thomas, Van Buren, Van Dyke, Ware, and Williams.

So it was

Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein,) That the Senate do advise and consent to the ratification of the treaty, made and concluded at the Garrison of Tellico, on Cherokee ground, the 24th day of October, 1804, between the United States of America and the Cherokee nation of Indians.

Ordered, That the Secretary lay this resolution before the President of the United States.

On motion,

The Senate resumed, as in Committee of the Whole, the consideration of the convention between the United States and Great Britain; and

Mr. Barbour proposed the following amendment thereto; which was read:

Article 12. This convention shall continue in force until one of the parties shall have declared its intention to renounce it; which declaration shall be made at least six months beforehand.

The following written messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I withdraw the nomination of W. G. D. Worthington, as Commissioner of Land Titles in Florida.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *May 13th*, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Frank Jones, to be District Attorney of the United States, for the Northern district of Alabama.

JAMES MONROE.

May 13th, 1824.

The messages were severally read.

MONDAY, MAY 17, 1824.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of Luke Drury, contained in the message of the 12th instant; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment of Luke Drury, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of Frank Jones, contained in the message of the 13th instant; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate resumed, as in Committee of the Whole, the consideration of the convention with Great Britain, together with the amendment proposed on the 13th instant; and,

On motion,

Ordered, That the further consideration thereof be postponed to, and made the order of the day for, Wednesday next.

THURSDAY, MAY 20, 1824.

The following written message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate George Davis, of New Orleans, to be Surveyor General of the Public Lands south of Tennessee, in the place of Levin Wailes, removed.
JAMES MONROE.

May 17th, 1824.

The message was read.

* *Ordered*, That it lie for consideration.

The following written message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate the persons whose names are contained in the list reported by the Secretary of War, which is herewith communicated, for promotion and appointment in the Army of the United States; and, also, Alexander McNair, of Missouri, to be Agent for the Osage Indians.

JAMES MONROE.

May 20th, 1824.

WAR DEPARTMENT, 20th May, 1824.

SIR: I have the honor to lay before you the annexed list of promotions and appointments for the Army of the United States.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

With great respect,

Your obedient servant,

JOHN C. CALHOUN.

To the PRESIDENT of the United States.

PROMOTIONS AND APPOINTMENTS IN THE ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES.

PROMOTIONS.

First Regiment of Artillery.

1st Lieut. Edmund Kirby, to be Captain, 1st May, 1824, vice Dalliba, resigned.

2d Lieut. Justin Dimick, to be 1st Lieut., 1st May, 1824, vice Kirby, promoted.

2d Lieut. Daniel Tyler, to be 1st Lieut., 6th May, 1824, vice McNeill, resigned.

Brevet 2d Lieut. Andrew Kinnard, to be 2d Lieut. 1st July, 1823.

Brevet 2d Lieut. John Farley, of the 2d Artillery, to be 2d Lieut., 1st July, 1823.

Second Regiment of Artillery.

1st Lieut. N. Baden, to be Captain, 1st April, 1824, vice Roach, resigned.

2d Lieut. W. E. Williams, to be 1st Lieut., 1st April, 1824, vice Baden, promoted.

Brevet 2d Lieut. R. De Treville, of the 3d Artillery, to be 2d Lieut., 1st July, 1823.

Fourth Regiment of Artillery.

Brevet 2d Lieut. Frederick Searle, of the 1st Artillery, to be 2d Lieut., 1st July, 1823.

Fourth Regiment of Infantry.

Captain S. Donoho, bvt. Major, to be Major, 1st May, 1824, vice Bradford, resigned.

1st Lieut. William Lear, to be Captain, 1st May, 1824, vice Donoho, promoted.

2d Lieut. George Mountz, to be 1st Lieut. 1st May, 1824, vice Lear, promoted.

Fifth Regiment of Infantry.

1st Lieut. Robert A. McCabe, to be Captain, 1st May, 1824, vice Cass, resigned.

2d Lieut. Jos. M. Baxley, to be 1st Lieut. 1st May, 1824, vice McCabe, promoted.

Seventh Regiment of Infantry.

1st Lieut. John Philbrick, to be Captain, 1st May, 1824, vice Jones, resigned.

2d Lieutenant Edgar S. Hawkins, to be 1st Lieut., 22d January, 1824, vice Hobkirk, dismissed.

2d Lieut. Charles Thomas, to be 1st Lieut., 1st March, 1824, vice Bronaugh, resigned.

2d Lieut. James Dawson, to be 1st Lieut., 1st May, 1824, vice Philbrick, promoted.

APPOINTMENTS.

Gouverneur Morris, late Cadet, to be 2d Lieut., 4th regiment of Infantry.

Dudley W. Allanson, late Cadet, to be 2d Lieut., 5th regiment of Infantry.

Jasper Macomb, late Cadet, to be 2d Lieut. 7th regiment of Infantry.

William Bradford, late Major of the 4th regiment of Infantry of the Army of the United States, to be Brigadier General of the Militia of the Territory of Arkansas.

William Macrea, Lieut. Col. 2d regiment Artillery, 19th April, 1814, to be Colonel by brevet, to rank 19th April, 1824, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

Thomas Hamilton, Captain 5th regiment of Infantry, 21st February, 1814, to be Major by brevet, to rank 21st February, 1824, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

M. M. Payne, Captain 4th regiment Artillery, 2d March, 1814, to be Major by brevet, to rank 2d March, 1824, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

Hezekiah Bradley, Captain 3d regiment of Infantry, 19th April, 1814, to be Major by brevet, to rank 19th April, 1824, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

Alexander R. Thompson, Captain 2d regiment of Infantry, 1st May, 1814, to be Major by brevet, to rank 1st May, 1824, for ten years' faithful service in same grade.

John Anderson, Topographical Engineer, to be Lieut. Col. by brevet, from 12th April, 1823, having served as a brevet Major, and performed the appropriate duties of that grade for ten years continuously.

Isaac Roberdeau, Topographical Engineer, to be Lieut. Col. by brevet, from 29th April, 1823, having served as a brevet Major, and performed the appropriate duties of that grade for ten years continuously.

FRIDAY, MAY 21, 1824.

The message yesterday received from the President of the United States, nominating to promotions and appointments in the Army, was read; and, on motion, considered by unanimous consent.

Ordered, That the nominations therein contained, for promotions and appointments in the Army, be referred to the Committee on Military Affairs, to consider and report thereon.

The following written message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

Apprehending, from the delay in the decision, that some difficulty exists with the Senate respecting the ratification of the convention lately concluded with the British government, for the suppression of the slave trade, by making it piratical, I deem it proper to communicate for your consideration, such views as appear to me to merit attention. Charged as the Executive is, and as I have long been, with maintaining the political relations between the United States and other nations, I consider it my duty, in submitting for your advice and consent, as to the ratification, any treaty or convention which has been agreed on with another power, to explain, when the occasion requires it, all the reasons which induced the measure. It is by such full and frank explanation only, that the Senate can be enabled to discharge the high trust reposed in them, with advantage to their country. Having the instrument before them, with the views which guided the Executive in forming it, the Senate will possess all the light necessary to a sound decision.

By an act of Congress of 15th May, 1820, the slave trade, as described by that act, was made piratical; and all such of our citizens as might be found engaged in that trade, were subjected, on conviction thereof by the Circuit Courts of the United States, to capital punishment. To communicate more distinctly the import of that act, I refer to its fourth and fifth sections, which are in the following words:

“Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That if any citizen of the United States, being of the crew or ship's company, of any foreign ship or vessel engaged in the slave trade, or any person whatever, being of the crew or ship's company, of any ship or vessel, owned in the whole or part, or navigated for, or in behalf of any citizen or citizens of the United States, shall land from any such ship or vessel, and, on any foreign shore, seize any negro or mulatto, not held to service or labor by the laws of either of the States or Territories of the United States, with intent to make such negro or mulatto a slave, or shall decoy, or forcibly bring or carry, or shall receive such negro or mulatto on board any such ship or vessel, with intent as aforesaid, such citizen or person shall be adjudged a pirate; and, on conviction thereof before the Circuit Court of the United States for the district wherein he may be brought or found, shall suffer death.

“Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That if any citizen of the United States, being of the crew or ship's company, of any foreign ship or vessel engaged in the slave trade, or any person whatever, being of the crew or ship's company of any ship or vessel, owned wholly or in part, or navigated for, or in behalf of any citizen or citizens of the United States, shall forcibly confine or detain, or aid and abet, in forcibly confining or detaining, on board

such ship or vessel, any negro or mulatto, not held to service by the laws of either of the States or Territories of the United States, with intent to make such negro or mulatto a slave, or shall, on board any such ship or vessel, offer or attempt to sell, as a slave, any negro or mulatto not held to service as aforesaid, or shall, on the high seas, or any where on tide water, transfer or deliver over, to any other ship or vessel, any negro or mulatto, not held to service, as aforesaid, with intent to make such negro or mulatto a slave, or shall land, or deliver on shore, from on board any such ship or vessel, any such negro or mulatto, with intent to make sale of, or having previously sold such negro or mulatto as a slave, such citizen or person shall be adjudged a pirate; and, on conviction thereof before the Circuit Court of the United States, for the district wherein he may be brought or found, shall suffer death."

And, on the 28th February, 1823, the House of Representatives, by a majority of 131 to 9, passed a resolution to the following effect:

"*Resolved*, That the President of the United States be requested to enter upon and prosecute, from time to time, such negotiations with the several maritime powers of Europe and America, as he may deem expedient, for the effectual abolition of the African slave trade, and its ultimate denunciation as piracy, under the law of nations, by the consent of the civilized world."

By the act of Congress above referred to, whereby the most effectual means that could be devised were adopted, for the extirpation of the slave trade, the wish of the United States was explicitly declared, that all nations might concur in a similar policy. It could only be by such concurrence, that the great object could be accomplished; and it was by negotiation and treaty alone, that such concurrence could be obtained, commencing with one power and extending it to others. The course, therefore, which the Executive, who had concurred in the act, had to pursue, was distinctly marked out for it. Had there, however, been any doubt respecting it, the resolution of the House of Representatives, the branch which might with strict propriety express its opinion, could not fail to have removed it.

By the tenth article of the treaty of peace between the United States and Great Britain, concluded at Ghent, it was stipulated that both parties should use their best endeavors to accomplish the abolition of the African slave trade. This object has been, accordingly, pursued by both governments, with great earnestness, by separate acts of legislation, and by negotiation almost uninterrupted, with the purpose of establishing a concert between them, in some measure, which might secure its accomplishment.

Great Britain, in her negotiations with other powers, had concluded treaties with Spain, Portugal, and the Netherlands, in which, without constituting the crime as piracy, or classing it with crimes of that denomination, the parties had conceded to the naval officers of each other, the right of search and capture of the vessels of either, that might be engaged in the slave trade, and had instituted courts, consisting of judges, subjects of both parties, for the trial of the vessels so captured.

In the negotiations with the United States, Great Britain had earnestly and repeatedly pressed on them the adoption of similar provisions. They had been resisted by the Executive, on two grounds: one, that the constitution of mixed tribunals was incompatible with their constitution; and the other that the concession of the right of search, in time of peace, for an offence not piratical, would be repugnant to the feelings of the nation, and of dangerous tendency. The right of search is the right of war, of the bellige-

rent towards the neutral. To extend it in time of peace to any object whatever, might establish a precedent which might lead to others with some powers, and which, even if confined to the instance specified, might be subject to great abuse.

Animated by an ardent desire to suppress this trade, the United States took stronger ground, by making it, by the act above referred to, piratical; a measure more adequate to the end, and free from many of the objections applicable to the plan which had been proposed to them. It is this alternative which the Executive, under the sanction and injunctions above stated, offered to the British government, and which that government has accepted. By making the crime piracy, the right of search attaches to the crime, and which, when adopted by all nations, will be common to all; and that it will be so adopted, may fairly be presumed, if steadily persevered in by the parties to the present convention. In the mean time, and with a view to a fair experiment, the obvious course seems to be to carry into effect, with every power, such treaty as may be made with each in succession.

In presenting this alternative to the British government, it was made an indispensable condition that the trade should be made piratical by act of Parliament, as it had been by an act of Congress. This was provided for in the convention, and has since been complied with. In this respect, therefore, the nations rest on the same ground. Suitable provisions have also been adopted to protect each party from the abuse of the power granted to the public ships of the other. Instead of subjecting the persons detected in the slave trade, to trial by the courts of the captors, as would be the case if such trade was piracy by the laws of nations, it is stipulated that, until that event, they shall be tried by the courts of their own country, only. Hence, there could be no motive for an abuse of the right of search, since such abuse could not fail to terminate to the injury of the captor.

Should this convention be adopted, there is every reason to believe that it will be the commencement of a system destined to accomplish the entire abolition of the slave trade. Great Britain, by making it her own, confessedly adopted at the suggestion of the United States, and being pledged to propose and urge its adoption, by other nations, in concert with the United States, will find it for her interest to abandon the less effective system of her previous treaties with Spain, Portugal, and the Netherlands, and to urge on those and other powers their accession to this. The crime will then be universally proscribed as piracy, and the traffic be suppressed for ever.

Other considerations of high importance urge the adoption of this convention. We have, at this moment, pending with Great Britain, sundry other negotiations, intimately connected with the welfare, and even the peace of our Union. In one of them, nearly a third part of the territory of the State of Maine is in contestation. In another, the navigation of the St. Lawrence, the admission of Consuls into the British Islands, and a system of commercial intercourse between the United States and all the British possessions in this hemisphere, are subjects of discussion. In a third, our territorial and other rights upon the north-west coast, are to be adjusted, while a negotiation on the same interest is opened with Russia. In a fourth, all the most important controvertible points of maritime law, in time of war, are brought under consideration; and in the fifth, the whole system of South American concerns, connected with a general recognition of South American independence, may again, from hour to hour, become, as it has already been, an object of concerted operations of the highest interest to both nations, and to the peace of the world.

It cannot be disguised, that the rejection of this convention cannot fail to have a very injurious influence on the good understanding between the two governments on all these points. That it would place the Executive administration under embarrassment, and subject it, the Congress, and the nation, to the charge of insincerity respecting the great result of the final suppression of the slave trade; and that its first and indispensable consequence, will be, to constrain the Executive to suspend all further negotiation with every European and American power, to which overtures have been made in compliance with the resolution of the House of Representatives of 28th February, 1823, must be obvious. To invite all nations with the statute of piracy in our hands, to adopt its principles as the law of nations, and yet to deny to all the common right of search for the pirate, whom it would be impossible to detect without entering and searching the vessel, would expose us, not simply, to the charge of inconsistency.

It must be obvious, that the restriction of search for pirates, to the African coast, is incompatible with the idea of such a crime. It is not doubted, also, if the convention is adopted, that no example of the commission of that crime, by the citizens or subjects of either power, will ever occur again. It is believed, therefore, that this right, as applicable to piracy, would not only extirpate the trade, but prove altogether innocent in its operation.

In further illustration of the views of Congress on this subject, I transmit to the Senate extracts from two resolutions of the House of Representatives, one of the 9th February, 1821, the other of 12th April, 1822. I transmit, also, a letter from the *Chargé d'Affaires* of the British government, which shows the deep interest which that government takes in the ratification of the treaty.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *May 21st*, 1824.

The message and accompanying documents were read.

Ordered, That they be printed, in confidence, for the use of the members.

Agreeably to the order of the day, the Senate resumed, as in Committee of the Whole, the consideration of the convention with Great Britain, together with the amendment proposed on the 13th instant; and,

The amendment having been modified, as follows:

Provided, That an article be added, whereby it shall be free to either of the parties, at any time, to renounce the said convention, giving six months notice beforehand:

On the question to agree thereto,

It was determined in the affirmative: Yeas, 36; Nays, 2.

Those who voted in the affirmative, are—Messrs. Barbour, Barton, Bell, Benton, Branch, Brown, Clayton, Eaton, Edwards, Elliott, Findlay, Gaillard, Hayne, Holmes, of Maine, Holmes, of Mississippi, Jackson, Johnson, of Kentucky, Henry Johnson, Josiah S. Johnston, Kelly, King, of Alabama, King, of New York, Knight, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, Lowrie, McIlvaine, Macon, Mills, Palmer, Parrott, Ruggles, Seymour, Taylor, of Virginia, Thomas, Van Dyke, and Williams.

Those who voted in the negative, are—Messrs. Chandler, and D'Wolf.

And no further amendment having been made, the convention was reported to the Senate.

On the question to concur in the amendment made in Committee of the Whole, to wit: insert at the end of the resolution for the ratification of the convention—

“Provided, That an article be added, whereby it shall be free to either of the parties, at any time, to renounce the said convention, giving six months notice beforehand:”

It was determined in the affirmative: Yeas, 34; Nays, 2.

Those who voted in the affirmative, are—Messrs. Barbour, Barton, Bell, Benton, Branch, Brown, Clayton, Eaton, Edwards, Elliott, Findlay, Gailard, Hayne, Holmes, of Maine, Holmes, of Mississippi, Jackson, Johnson, of Kentucky, Josiah S. Johnston, Kelly, King, of Alabama, King, of New York, Knight, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, Lowrie, McIlvaine, Macon, Mills, Parrott, Ruggles, Seymour, Taylor, of Virginia, Thomas, Van Dyke, and Williams.

Those who voted in the negative, are—Messrs. Chandler, and D’Wolf.

Ordered, That the convention pass to a third reading.

SATURDAY, MAY 22, 1824.

The following written messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Mosher:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Edward L. Dubarry, of Pennsylvania, Stephen Rapalje, of New York, John Haslett, of South Carolina, Henry W. Bassett, of Maryland, Benjamin R. Tinslar, of New York, C. H. Van Brunt, of New York, Waters Smith, of Florida, Isaac Hulse, of New York, Cornelius Moore, of New York, and Thomas J. Bradner, of New York, to be Surgeon’s Mates in the Navy.

John N. Hambleton, of Maryland, Joseph Watson, of Massachusetts, William McMurtree, of Pennsylvania, and John C. De Heart, of New Jersey, to be Pursers in the Navy.

Cave Jones, of New York, to be a Chaplain in the Navy.

JAMES MONROE.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Joseph L. Kuhn, 1st Lieut. in the Marine Corps, to be a Captain, from the 28th June, 1823.

Charles R. Broom, 1st Lieut. in the Marine Corps, to be a Captain from the 7th March, 1824.

Benjamin W. Macomber, 2d Lieut. in the Marine Corps, to be a first Lieut. from the 2d April, 1823.

Abraham N. Brevoorte, 2d Lieut. in the Marine Corps, to be a first Lieut. from the 26th Sept. 1823.

Samuel S. Coejeman, 2d Lieut. in the Marine Corps, to be a first Lieut. from the 8th March, 1824.

George F. Lindsay, of Mississippi, to be a 2d Lieut. in the Marine Corps, from the 1st April, 1823.

William A. Randolph, of South Carolina, to be a 2d Lieut. in the Marine Corps, from the 30th July, 1823.

Landon N. Carter, of Virginia, to be a 2d Lieut. in the Marine Corps.

John G. Reynolds, of New York, to be a 2d Lieut. in the Marine Corps.

Henry W. Fowler, of Louisiana, to be a 2d Lieut. in the Marine Corps.

JAMES MONROE.

The messages were severally read; and,

On motion,

Considered by unanimous consent,

Ordered, That they be severally referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs, to consider and report thereon.

The convention with Great Britain was read the third time. Whereupon, Mr. Barbour submitted the following motion for consideration, which was read:

Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein,) That the Senate do advise and consent to the ratification of the convention, made and concluded at London, the 13th day of March, 1824, between the United States of America and the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland: *Provided*, That an article be added, whereby it shall be free to either of the parties, at any time, to renounce the said convention, giving six months notice beforehand.

On motion by Mr. Macon,

To postpone the further consideration of the convention to the first Monday of December next;

It was determined in the negative: Yeas, 16; Nays, 26.

The yeas and nays being desired by one fifth of the Senators present,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are—Messrs. Bell, Brown, Chandler, D'Wolf, Dickerson, Elliott, Gaillard, Holmes, of Maine, Knight, Lowrie, Macon, Ruggles, Smith, Thomas, Van Buren, and Ware.

Those who voted in the negative, are—Messrs. Barbour, Barton, Benton, Branch, Clayton, Eaton, Edwards, Findlay, Hayne, Holmes, of Mississippi, Jackson, Johnson, of Kentucky, Henry Johnson, Josiah S. Johnston, Kelly, King, of New York, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, McIlvaine, Mills, Noble, Parrott, Seymour, Taylor, of Indiana, Taylor, of Virginia, Van Dyke, and Williams.

On motion by Mr. Josiah S. Johnston,

To strike out of the convention, article 1, line 4, the words, "of America;"

On the question, "Shall these words stand as part of the article?"

It was determined in the negative: Yeas, 23; Nays, 20.

Those who voted in affirmative, are—Messrs. Barbour, Barton, Clayton, Eaton, Edwards, Findlay, Hayne, Holmes, of Mississippi, Jackson, Johnson, of Kentucky, Henry Johnson, Kelly, King, of New York, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, McIlvaine, Mills, Noble, Parrott, Seymour, Taylor, of Indiana, Taylor, of Virginia, Van Dyke, and Williams.

Those who voted in the negative, are—Messrs. Bell, Benton, Branch, Brown, Chandler, D'Wolf, Dickerson, Elliott, Gaillard, Holmes, of Maine, Josiah S. Johnston, King, of Alabama, Knight, Lowrie, Macon, Ruggles, Smith, Thomas, Van Buren, and Ware.

On motion by Mr. Josiah S. Johnston,

To strike out, article 1, line 5, the words, "and of the West Indies;"

On the question, "Shall these words stand as part of the article?"

It was determined in the affirmative: Yeas, 29; Nays, 14.

Those who voted in the affirmative, are—Messrs. Barbour, Barton, Benton, Brown, Clayton, Eaton, Edwards, Findlay, Hayne, Holmes, of Mississippi, Jackson, Johnson, of Kentucky, Henry Johnson, Kelly, King, of New York, Knight, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, Lowrie, McIlvaine, Macon, Mills, Noble, Parrott, Ruggles, Seymour, Taylor, of Indiana, Taylor, of Virginia, Van Dyke, and Williams.

Those who voted in the negative, are—Messrs. Bell, Branch, Chandler, D'Wolf, Dickerson, Elliott, Gaillard, Holmes, of Maine, Josiah S. Johnston, King, of Alabama, Smith, Thomas, Van Buren, and Ware.

A motion was made by Mr. Josiah S. Johnston, to strike out the second article; and,

On the question, "Will the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of this article?"

It was determined in the negative: Yeas, 27; Nays, 16.

Those who voted in the affirmative, are—Messrs. Barbour, Barton, Benton, Branch, Clayton, Eaton, Edwards, Findlay, Hayne, Holmes, of Mississippi, Jackson, Johnson, of Kentucky, Henry Johnson, Kelly, King, of New York, Knight, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, McIlvaine, Mills, Noble, Parrott, Ruggles, Seymour, Taylor, of Indiana, Taylor, of Virginia, Van Dyke, and Williams.

Those who voted in the negative, are—Messrs. Bell, Brown, Chandler, D'Wolf, Dickerson, Elliott, Gaillard, Holmes, of Maine, Josiah S. Johnston, King, of Alabama, Lowrie, Macon, Smith, Thomas, Van Buren, and Ware.

On motion,

To strike out of the 7th article the following words: "And it is further agreed, that any individual, being a citizen or subject of either of the two contracting parties, who shall be found on board any vessel not carrying the flag of the other party, nor belonging to the subjects or citizens of either, but engaged in the illicit traffic of slaves, and seized or condemned on that account by the cruisers of the other party, under circumstances which, by involving such individual in the guilt of slave trading, would subject him to the penalties of piracy, he shall be sent for trial to the competent court in the country to which he belongs; and the reasonable expenses of any witnesses belonging to the capturing vessel, in proceeding to the place of trial, during their detention there, and for their return to their own country, or to their station in its service, shall, in every such case, be allowed by the court, and defrayed by the country in which the trial takes place."

On the question, "Shall these words stand as part of the article?"

It was determined in the negative: Yeas, 22; Nays, 21.

Those who voted in the affirmative, are—Messrs. Barton, Benton, Clayton, Eaton, Edwards, Findlay, Hayne, Holmes, of Mississippi, Jackson, Johnson, of Kentucky, Henry Johnson, Kelly, King, of New York, Knight, McIlvaine, Mills, Noble, Parrott, Seymour, Taylor, of Virginia, Van Dyke, and Williams.

Those who voted in the negative, are—Messrs. Barbour, Bell, Branch, Brown, Chandler, D'Wolf, Dickerson, Elliott, Gaillard, Holmes, of Maine, Josiah S. Johnston, King, of Alabama, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, Lowrie, Macon, Ruggles, Smith, Taylor, of Indiana, Thomas, Van Buren, and Ware.

On the question to agree to the resolution, amended accordingly, for the ratification of the convention,

It was determined in the affirmative: Yeas, 29; Nays, 13.

Those who voted in the affirmative, are—Messrs. Barbour, Barton, Benton, Branch, Brown, Clayton, Eaton, Edwards, Findlay, Hayne, Holmes, of Mississippi, Jackson, Johnson, of Kentucky, Henry Johnson, Josiah S. Johnston, Kelly, King, of Alabama, King, of New York, Knight, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, Lowrie, McIlvaine, Mills, Parrott, Seymour, Taylor, of Indiana, Taylor, of Virginia, Van Dyke, and Williams.

Those who voted in the negative, are—Messrs. Bell, Chandler, D'Wolf, Dickerson, Elliott, Gaillard, Holmes, of Maine, Macon, Ruggles, Smith, Thomas, Van Buren, and Ware.

So it was

Resolved, (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein,) That the Senate do advise and consent to the ratification of the convention, made and concluded at London, the thirteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, between the United States of America and the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, with the exception of the words "of America," in line 4 of the first article; with the exception of the second article; and of the following words in the 7th article: "and it is further agreed, that any individual, being a citizen or subject of either of the two contracting parties, who shall be found on board any vessel not carrying the flag of the other party, nor belonging to the subjects or citizens of either, but engaged in the illicit traffic of slaves, and seized or condemned, on that account, by the cruisers of the other party, under circumstances which, by involving such individual in the guilt of slave trading, would subject him to the penalties of piracy, he shall be sent for trial before the competent court in the country to which he belongs; and the reasonable expenses of any witnesses belonging to the capturing vessel, in proceeding to the place of trial, during their detention there, and for their return to their own country, or to their station in its service, shall, in every such case, be allowed by the court, and defrayed by the country in which the trial takes place:" *Provided*, That an article be added, whereby it shall be free to either of the parties, at any time, to renounce the said convention, giving six months' notice beforehand.

MONDAY, MAY 24, 1824.

The following written messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Robert Butler, of Tennessee, to be Surveyor of the Public Lands in the Territory of Florida.

Thomas Gatewood, to be Naval Officer of the port of Norfolk, Virginia.

George A. Ricketts, to be Surveyor and Inspector of the Revenue for the port of St. Marks, Florida.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, May 24th, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate William Woodbridge, of Michigan, as Secretary of the Territory of Michigan.

Thomas Bolling Robertson, of Louisiana, as Judge of the United States for the district of Louisiana, in the place of John Dick, resigned.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, May 24th, 1824.

The messages were severally read.

Ordered, That they lie for consideration.

On motion,

It was agreed, by unanimous consent, to consider the nomination of Robert Butler, contained in the message of this day; and

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointment of Robert Butler, agreeably to the nomination.

On motion by Mr. Barbour,

Resolved, That the injunction of secrecy be removed from the convention with Great Britain, concluded at London, the 13th of March, 1824, and from the proceedings of the Senate, and papers relating thereto.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of George Davis, contained in the message of the 20th instant; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

Mr. Benton, from the Committee on Military Affairs, to whom were referred, on the 21st instant, the nominations for promotions and appointments in the Army, reported. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the promotions and appointments in the Army, contained in the message of the 20th instant, agreeably to the nominations respectively.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 26, 1824.

The following written message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate William P. Van Ness, of New York, to be Fourth Auditor of the Treasury.

I nominate William G. D. Worthington, of Maryland, as Commissioner of Land Titles in East Florida, in the place of Alexander Hamilton, resigned.

I nominate Robert Getty, to be Justice of the Peace for the county of Washington, D. C.

I nominate John A. Summers, to be Justice of the Peace for the county of Alexandria, D. C.

JAMES MONROE.

May 25th, 1824.

The message was read; and,

On motion, considered by unanimous consent.

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointments of William P. Van Ness, and William G. D. Worthington, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

Mr. Noble submitted the following motion for consideration; which was read:

Resolved, That the injunction of secrecy be removed from the President's message, submitting the nomination of Barnabas Bates to the Senate, to be the Collector of the Customs for the district of Bristol and Warren, the documents and letters in relation to the nomination on file in the Senate, together with the proceedings of the Senate thereon, and that they be published.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of Alexander McNair, contained in the message of the 20th instant; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment of Alexander McNair, agreeably to the nomination.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nomination of Thomas Gatewood, contained in the message of the 24th instant; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment of Thomas Gatewood, agreeably to the nomination.

Ordered, That the nomination of George A. Ricketts lie on the table.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nominations of William Woodbridge and Thomas Bolling Robertson, contained in the message of the 24th instant; and

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointments of William Woodbridge and Thomas Bolling Robertson, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

Mr. Van Buren, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred, on the 23d March, the nomination of Benjamin Ames, reported; and,

On the question, "Will the Senate advise and consent to the appointment of Benjamin Ames?"

It was determined in the negative: Yeas, 8; Nays, 23.

The yeas and nays being desired by one-fifth of the Senators present,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are—Messrs. Barton, Eaton, Edwards, Henry Johnson, Kelly, Parrott, Seymour, and Taylor, of Virginia.

Those who voted in the negative, are—Messrs. Bell, Benton, Brown, Chandler, Clayton, Dickerson, Findlay, Gaillard, Holmes, of Maine, Holmes, of Mississippi, Josiah S. Johnston, Lanman, Lloyd, of Massachusetts, Lowrie, Macon, Noble, Ruggles, Smith, Thomas, Van Buren, Van Dyke, Ware, and Williams.

Mr. Lloyd, of Massachusetts, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, to whom were referred, on the 22d instant, the messages nominating Joseph L. Kuhn, and others, to promotions and appointments in the Marine Corps, and Edward L. Dubarry, and others, to be Surgeon's Mates and Purser in the Navy, reported. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointments of Joseph L. Kuhn, Charles R. Broom, Benjamin W. Macomber, Abraham R. Brevoorte, Samuel C. Coejeman, George F. Lindsay, William A. Randolph, Landon N. Carter, John George Reynolds, Henry W. Fowler, Edward L. Dubarry, Stephen E. Rapalje, John Haslett, Henry W. Bassett, Benjamin R. Tinslar, C. H. Van Brunt, Waters Smith, Isaac Hulse, Cornelius Moore, Thomas J. Bradner, John N. Hambleton, Joseph Watson, William McMurtree, John C. De Heart, and Cave Jones, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

Mr. Dickerson, from the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures, to whom was recommitted on the 29th March, the nomination of Joseph F. Wingate, made a report; which was read.

The Senate proceeded to consider the nominations of Robert Getty and John A. Summers, contained in the message of the 26th instant; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointments, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

The following written messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Benjamin Green, of the State of Maine, to be Marshal of the District of Maine, in the place of Thomas G. Thornton, deceased.

JAMES MONROE.

May 26th, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I recall the nomination of George A. Ricketts, as Surveyor and Inspector of the Revenue for the port of St. Marks, Florida.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *May 26th*, 1824.

The messages were severally read.

On motion,

It was agreed, by unanimous consent, to consider the message nominating Benjamin Green to office; and

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointment of Benjamin Green, agreeably to the nomination.

THURSDAY, MAY 27, 1824.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the nomination of Joseph F. Wingate, contained in the message of the 4th of February, together with the report of the committee thereon; and

Resolved, That they do not advise and consent to the appointment of Joseph F. Wingate.

The motion, submitted yesterday by Mr. Noble, in relation to the proceedings on the nomination of Barnabas Bates, was withdrawn.

On motion,

The Senate resumed the consideration of the nomination of Braxton W. Winn, contained in the message of the 20th January; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment of Braxton W. Winn, agreeably to the nomination.

The following written messages were received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Everett, his Secretary:

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate William Carson, of Missouri, to be Register of the Land Office in the district of Salt River, in the State of Missouri.

Henry T. Lane, of Missouri, to be Receiver of Public Moneys at the Land Office in the district of Salt River, in the State of Missouri.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *May 27th*, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Henry M. Brackenridge, of Florida, to be Judge of West Florida, in compliance with a law of the present session of Congress.

Joseph L. Smith, also of Florida, to be Judge of East Florida, in compliance with the said law; and

W. W. Blair, also of Florida, to be Judge of the Middle District of Florida, in compliance with the said law.

George Murray, to be Commissioner for the settlement of Land Titles in East Florida, vice W. W. Blair, nominated as Judge.

John M. Hanson, to be Marshal for the Middle District of Florida; and

Benjamin D. Wright, to be Attorney of the United States for the said Middle District of Florida: The three last nominations in conformity, likewise, with said law.

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, *May 27th*, 1824.

To the Senate of the United States:

I nominate Mark Langdon Hill, to be Collector of the Customs for the district, and Inspector of the Revenue for the port of Bath, in the State of Maine; to commence from the 10th of February, 1824.

JAMES MONROE.

May 27th, 1824.

The messages were severally read.

On motion,

It was agreed, by unanimous consent, to consider the message nominating William Carson, and Henry T. Lane. Whereupon,

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointments of William Carson, and Henry T. Lane, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

On motion,

It was agreed, by unanimous consent, to consider the message nominating Henry M. Brackenridge, and others, to offices; and

Resolved, That the Senate do advise and consent to the appointments of Henry M. Brackenridge, Joseph L. Smith, W. W. Blair, George Murray, John M. Hanson, and Benjamin D. Wright, agreeably to their nominations respectively.

The Senate proceeded to consider, by unanimous consent, the message nominating Mark Langdon Hill to office; and

Resolved, That they do advise and consent to the appointment, agreeably to the nomination.

END OF THE FORTY SEVENTH SESSION.